





## Intimations.

DAKIN'S  
SPARKLING AERATED  
WATERS  
ARE UNSURPASSED.

## SPECIAL TERMS TO LARGE BUYERS.

COAST ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

No Extra Charge for Packing.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA,  
LIMITED,  
CHEMISTS,  
HONGKONG.(Telephone No. 60.)  
Hongkong, 23rd July, 1889.

## A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LD.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED  
WATERS.OUR AERATED WATER MANUFACTORY  
is replete with the best Machinery, embodying  
all the latest improvements in the trade.The greatest attention has been paid to appliances  
for ensuring purity in the Water supply, to  
secure which we have added a Condenser capable  
of supplying us with 3,000 gallons of distilled  
water a day, and are now in a position to compete  
in quality with the best English Makers. Our  
Sweet Waters cannot be surpassed anywhere.The purest ingredients only are used, and the  
most careful and cleanliness are exercised in the  
manufacture throughout.FOR COAST PORTS, Waters are packed and  
placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and the  
full amount allowed for Packages and Empties  
when received in good order.Counterfoil Order Books supplied on applica-  
tion.COAST PORT ORDERS.  
Whenever practicable, are despatched by first  
steamer leaving after receipt of order.Our Registered Telegraphic Address is,  
"DISPENSARY, HONGKONG,"  
And all signed messages addressed thus  
will receive prompt attention.The following is a List of Waters always  
kept ready in Stock:—PURE AERATED WATER  
SODA WATER  
LEMONADE  
POTASH WATER  
LITHIA WATER  
SARSAPARILLA WATER  
TONIC WATER  
GINGER ALE  
GINGERADE.No Credit given for bottles that are  
dirty, or greasy, or that appear to have been used  
for any other purpose than that of containing  
Aerated Water, as such bottles are never used  
again by us.PURE FRUIT CORDIALS.  
Prepared from the Juice of the finest selected  
Fresh Fruit.Raspberry Black Currant  
Strawberry Red Currant  
Damson Orleans PlumPine Apple  
Mellin's Cherry  
Lime Fruit, &c.A table-spoonful (more or less according to  
taste) added to a tumbler of plain or aerated  
water forms a delicious beverage. The addition  
of Wines or Spirits produce excellent and piquant  
results.  
Price, 75 Cents per Bottle, or \$7.50 per dozen  
Case Assorted.RASPBERRY SYRUP } Price,  
STRAWBERRY SYRUP } \$1 per  
RASPBERRY VINEGAR } Bottle  
For imparting a delicious flavour to  
AERATED WATER, &c., &c.Sole Agents for Hongkong and China for  
MONTERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE  
CORDIALS.A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.,  
Hongkong, China, and Manila.

## MARRIAGES.

At the Cathedral, Shanghai, on Tuesday, 16th  
July, 1889, by the Ven. Archdeacon Moule, B.D.,  
George Frederick Schroeder, Chief Engineer,  
Chinese Telegraph steamer *Fitchou*, eldest  
son of George Schroeder, of Haver, Germany,  
to ANNIE, second daughter of the late John Henry  
Rodgers, of Glasgow, Scotland, and formerly  
Chief Engineer in the P. & O. Co.'s service.At St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church,  
Kwaijing, July 13th, by the Rev. Edward S.  
Little, EDWARD SANDSTEDT, of Karlsruhe,  
Sweden, to HARRIETTE KAY, third daughter of  
J. H. Packer, Esq., Fulford, Berks, England.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1889.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THERE are in London sixty-five theatres and  
about 500 music halls, providing entertainment  
for 325,000 people every night, or 100,000,000  
in the course of a year.The steamer *Whampoa* reports picking up five  
Chinese fishermen from an overturned boat near  
Breaker Point. Now Mr. Bellillo, here's a  
chance for wholesale distribution.IN Lent—Waiter: "Your Reverence, trout has  
gone up in price." Priest: "What, again! This  
is horrible! Fish, oysters, snails, eggs, wine,  
everything dear—where is one to get the money  
from to fast with?"THE *Foochow Echo* says: "The only news we  
have from the country this week is to the effect  
that matters remain in a very unsettled state."  
No actual disturbances go on while the troops  
are located in the neighbourhood, but there are  
so many unemployed over-running the country  
that fresh troubles would break out if the troops  
were withdrawn.This list of applications for the Hongkong Marine  
shares closes at 3 p.m. to-morrow.SCENE in the Tram-Car.—Enter determined-  
looking female to whom a slender-looking gen-  
tleman offers his seat. "I always like to oblige  
the weaker sex," affably remarked the youth.  
"Weaker sex, indeed! Any more of your  
impertinence, young man, and you'll see whether  
I am weak or not!" Then assuming a defiant  
air, she gracefully sat down in the vacant seat.Mr. P. J. Hughes, H.B.M.'s Consul-General at  
Shanghai, has received a telegram authorizing  
him to draw upon Mr. J. W. Hackett, Perth,  
Western Australia, to the extent of £50, as a  
further contribution from that centre towards the  
China Famine Fund. Exclusive of the above sum,  
the contributions of the charitable people of  
Australia towards the same object already  
amount to the respectable total of £13,559.83,  
and \$2,445.99, altogether £16,005.82. The *Shanghai  
Herald* adds that there hardly seems any  
necessity now for any further subscriptions, as  
the committee have as much money on hand  
as they know how to devote to the object for  
which it was contributed.The following melancholy letter appears in the  
*Foochow Echo*, dated 9th July:—SIR,—A nothing bearing on the future of this  
port should interest your subscribers, and I  
therefore ask you to be good enough to insert  
this.—Messrs. Greig and Murray, Limited, in  
their circular dated Melbourne, 28th May last,  
say:—Indian Tea—One auction sale of 1,700  
packages only has been held, the prices realised  
being quite equal to last quotations. Very little  
now remains in first hands—prices are likely to  
remain unaltered for a time. At the present  
time Indian Teas show far better intrinsic  
value than China teas, consequently the con-  
sumption must increase rapidly, and we fully  
anticipate that during the season (which, in  
this year) a very large business will be done.What will poor Foochow do when her last  
stronghold succumbs to the enemy?A JAPANESE contemporary states that a telegram  
was despatched by the Prefect of Oita on the  
10th instant to the Minister of State for Home  
Affairs intimating that the chief damage  
sustained in the Prefecture by the recent storm  
experienced there was at Hidagori, where the  
Mitsunaga and Kumagawa rose to a height  
of more than 20 feet above the usual level. Many  
houses in the district were under water. Over  
a hundred houses in the towns and villages  
close to these rivers were carried away and  
about twenty persons lost their lives; while  
houses in Kusugori were carried away, and  
twenty persons were killed, and forty houses in  
Shimokogori were washed away, and two persons  
killed. Considerable damage to buildings and  
cultivated land was done by the inundation,  
several landings and bridges on the roads being  
also being also reported. Further details will  
be reported as they come to hand.THE following very touching paragraph from  
the *Vancouver World* shows up a grudge  
from which it has been our misfortune, doubtless  
in common with other journals, to suffer to a  
very large extent, and we therefore very respect-  
fully commend its suggestions to all those of  
our subscribers whom it may concern:—MONEY WANTED.  
It may not be generally known, yet it is a fact that newspaper  
publishers, compilers, editors, reporters, accountants, pressmen,  
mailing clerks, road deliverers and news boys, paper, ink and type  
manufacturers, landlords coal dealers, telegraph operators and  
message boys, cannot subsist on vapour or unvarnished scenery.  
The gas-collector has to be satisfied and so also has the gas-light  
collector. The *World* believes in paying its way and the wages  
earned by these engaged in connection with its publication. It is a matter  
of necessity that these sums, which singly appear small, but  
aggregate in the thousands, should be paid at once. We ask it  
then as a great favor, that the sum each owes be paid to our  
collector on his first call. These are too hot days to admit of  
much unnecessary and expensive travelling. Look out for him on  
Monday. He will be thankful for all payments made him, and so  
also will be those who are depending on his efforts.AFTER a most successful and highly-appreciated  
tour through Japan, Miss Amy Sherwin and her  
small but accomplished company returned to  
Hongkong recently. With money, two minor  
exceptions there being no entertainment here,  
the dreadful dullness of the place  
since their departure, many weeks ago, so large  
and enthusiastic audience might have been  
expected at the concert given by Miss Sherwin  
in the City Hall last evening, especially as H.E.  
the Governor and Lady de Vaux were to be  
present. But the "hot season" apathy of the  
public here was not to be dispelled by  
anybody, short of Madame Patti, and, com-  
paratively speaking, the attendance was far  
from encouraging. Although those who did  
attend could not help being enthusiastic. Mr.  
Clifford, the pianist, opened the programme  
with a march by Liszt, and played with all his  
customary skill, but this, like the subsequent  
"caprices" and so on that he interpreted, rose  
considerably over the heads of his audience, and  
he was like best Sir H.'s sympathetic accom-  
paniments. Miss Minna Fischer then sang  
"Fock me to sleep." It was well-rendered, but  
"better than," and "Das erste Velchen" after the  
interval, was ahead of either of them. But Miss  
Fischer's greatest success was "Allan Water," which  
she sang in response to a recall after the  
last song. It was full of expression, and was  
one of the very best items in—or rather not in  
—the programme, judging by the warmth of the  
applause. Miss Sherwin's reception, of course,  
was very enthusiastic, and she fully justified it.  
Her voice was in excellent form, and often as she  
had to appear, it seemed to improve right up to  
the end. Her first song, "Dear Bird of Winter,"  
was clear and sweet as a bell, and her next  
effort—two morceaus in German—was suc-  
ceeded by loud "bravos" from the Deutscher.  
Although a stout, bald, voiceless individual,  
belonging to that section insisted on making the  
song a duet. In response Miss Sherwin sang  
"Anybody's business," and thus scaled her own  
triumph. After that she was never allowed to retire  
without a second song—in which connection we  
would like to point out to the enthusiastic but  
obtrusive Thomas Atkins, Esq., that shrieking  
whistles are not a mode of applause popular in  
the best circles. In a scene that was as bright  
as Miss Sherwin's wonderful range of voice was  
fully displayed, and her faultless execution duly  
admired. In addition, she sang two duets with  
Miss Fischer—"Come, Melika," and "Saluted  
mother," from *Marianna*. The latter was very  
sweet and harmonious. Mr. C. H. Grace was  
the only male man who vociferated. His first  
song was the good old "Toreador," and it tried  
his voice somewhat, but the audience applauded  
and (some of them) howled for his return, though  
unavailingly. His second offering was "Celia,"  
which necessitated the production of "The  
pale young curate" from the *Sorcerer*, which  
he brought down the house. Then Miss  
Sherwin and Miss Fischer, with assist-  
ance, contemplated giving a concert at Craigie-  
burn, for the benefit of the families imprisoned  
at the Peak by the breach on the Tramway.  
To-morrow night they will appear for the last  
time, when special attractions—chorus by gen-  
tleman amateurs, and the production of the "Jewel  
scene" from *Faust*—will form part of the  
programme.The German gunboat *Albatros*, from Shanghai,  
arrived at Nagasaki on the 6th inst. The French  
man-of-war *Seydlitz*, flying the flag of Admiral  
De La Jaille, arrived at Nagasaki from Shanghai  
on the 3rd inst. The *Seydlitz* and the *Albatros*  
were reported to be leaving on the 10th, bound  
to Chelton. The British corvette *Porpoise*  
arrived at Yokohama from Nagasaki on the 7th  
inst.HEAVY LOSS TO THE HONGKONG  
AND SHANGHAI BANK.A telegram was received by the Manager of  
the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank yesterday  
stating that the Lyons branch had sustained a  
loss of \$130,000. Details are not yet made  
public. The quotation for Banks declined  
gradually from 6 to 10 points during the day,  
and the stock was very unsteady throughout the  
afternoon.

## SUPREME COURT.

## IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

(Before Acting Chief Justice Fielding  
Clark.)CHATER AND OTHERS v. THE HONGKONG  
HOTEL COMPANY.Mr. R. K. Leigh, C.E., said:—I am an architect  
and civil engineer, and have had fifteen years'  
service—ten here, three in the Survey-  
General's Department as assistant engineer. I  
am acquainted with Melchers' buildings, but  
not professionally until recently. I first examined  
them about the middle of last July, at the  
request of Mr. Chater's solicitors. It is a three-  
storied building on granite piers, built on  
reclaimed ground. I found it dilapidated. The  
most serious defects were—subsidence of the  
south wall, and of a fire-breast at the north-east  
corner. Some of the arches had been streng-  
thened, and the walls braced. I found the south  
wall cracked and leaning over slightly outwards.  
The strain would be on the first floor, but it was  
more apparent on the second floor. I did not  
plumb the wall. The direction of the cracks on  
the cross walls showed that there had been sub-  
sidence. They would have been different if they  
had been caused simply by the great weight of  
the roof. I have no doubt as to my theory—it  
is undoubted that the cracks are caused by the  
subsidence and the loss of the support of the  
verandah. The verandah would not have pre-  
vented the wall from cracking. I think that, as  
the foundations of the new wing of the Hotel  
must be five feet deeper—according to the local  
building regulations, and probably are considerably  
deeper, that must have injured the foundations  
of Melchers' buildings. They would have to drive  
piles, for instance as the earth is water-logged  
with the rainfall drainage. It is so everywhere  
along the Praya. It would not affect good founda-  
tions, unless a large trench or something of  
that sort were dug near by. That would cause  
a flow, whereas if there was none there would  
simply be a rise and fall of the water. The  
weakening effect would not necessarily be  
apparent immediately; if it did not show  
in this case before the following June,  
there would be nothing inconsistent about it.  
The removal of the verandah, of itself could  
not have caused the injury to the walls. The  
cracks were recent. The subsidence of the south  
wall would strain the other walls, and injure  
them. There were many signs of dilapidation  
in the building, due to former weakness, con-  
sequent on decay. It was not safe to live in the  
place when I saw it last July. A number of  
struts have been put up, but they would not  
make the place habitable. I examined it twice  
last week, and found the walls still further  
cracked. There was additional subsidence. If  
I had had to remove the verandah I should, on  
finding that ironies were necessary to strengthen  
the south wall, have taken further precautions  
to safeguard it before digging any trench.  
At the other end of the same building—Russell's  
—I had to replace the crowns of the arches  
in the basement. I thoroughly examined the  
foundation, and saw no signs of subsidence. I  
do not think the fall of part of the Hongkong  
Hotel affected the wall. The building could  
have been made secure again last July by  
simply rebuilding the south wall and the fire-  
breast in the north-west corner. The verandah  
enabled the south wall to resist the tendency  
of the roof to thrust it outwards. The trench  
must have approached within five feet of the  
wall. It is not likely that there has been any  
movement of the whole of the made ground.By the Attorney-General:—My professional  
knowledge of the place dates from last July. I  
do not think the whole building is badly built.  
The bricks used are blue bricks. I have not  
noticed crushed bricks anywhere except in the  
fire-breast. There are no signs of the building  
having suffered storm-damage. The cracks might  
have been caused by the pressure of the roof.  
There were no signs of subsidence in July 1888.  
The rise and fall of the water in the soil would  
not necessarily injure the foundations of the  
buildings on the Praya. It might if they were  
imperfect, if the trench for the annex founda-  
tions were dug in ten feet sections it would be all  
right, if they were unbroken. If the foundations  
near by were caused to subside it might not be  
visible in the trench. It is possible that the  
trench might have got full of water without any  
damage being done. There was a serious rainstorm  
in May 1888 which caused damage. Marine  
House was cracked. I don't see how the storm  
could affect Melchers' buildings, except that  
there would be a little more water in the soil.  
It might have enlarged the cracks in the  
upper portions of the wall. There was more  
continuous rain last year than this. The rain  
did not do much damage this year.Re-examined.—The heaviest rains could not  
have produced the cracks in the south wall.  
There is no similarity between the position of  
Marine House and Melchers' buildings. The  
storm of the past two years could not have  
brought the south wall into its present state.Albert Denison, architect and civil engineer,  
said:—I have been in Hongkong eight years,  
seven of which I was with Messrs. Danby and  
Leigh. During that time I had a good deal to  
do with the construction of buildings. I inspected  
Melchers' buildings, at the request of Messrs.  
Sharp, Johnson, and Stokes, on the 11th June.  
I was dangerous for anyone to live in. The  
south wall, and most of the others are cracked.One half of the south wall is cracked in all  
directions, and it has sunk two or three inches  
in the middle. There are several iron ties hold-  
ing the walls together.The cross-examination was on the same lines  
as in the case of the previous witnesses.Mr. C. H. Thompson, clerk to Messrs. Holli-  
day, Wise, & Co., said that when occupying the  
offices in Melchers' Buildings in June 1888 he  
noticed cracks enlarging in the walls, and some  
new cracks in the dining room. He several  
times gummed pieces of tissue-paper over them,  
and watched them break after a short time. The  
cracks were filled up on several occasions, but  
they always opened again. The top floor also  
sank.Cross-examined.—There were slight cracks  
when the firm took the offices, and the floor was  
slightly sunk.Mr. C. P. Karberg, clerk to Messrs. Arnold,  
Karberg & Co., said that his firm moved into  
building in May 1887. At the beginning of 1888  
he noticed a big crack in the south wall, extend-  
ing from top to bottom.After cross-examination the Court adjourned,  
it being arranged that the jury should view the  
building to-morrow morning.

## NEWS BY THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The O. & O. S. Co.'s steamer *Oceanic*, Capt.  
C. H. Kempson, R.N.R., with the American mail  
of the 20th ult., arrived in harbour this morning.  
We take the subjoined telegrams from our San  
Francisco exchanges:—MADRID, June 21st.  
In the Cortes to-day Senator Beserra, Minister  
of Colonies, re-affirmed that the United States  
Government had made no proposition relative  
to the purchase of Cuba. He added that no  
proposal looking to the sale of the island would  
be entertained by the Spanish Government.LONDON, June 21st.  
Monsieur Pelerin, according to the *Paris  
Mail* Gazette, reported to the Pope that he had  
proof of the intention of certain parties to kill  
him should he return to Ireland.BOSTON, June 21st.  
James Bennett, a submarine diver employed  
in clearing up Rockport Harbor, was at work  
under fifteen feet of water when a chain slipped  
from a 12-ton rock and the mass fell back upon  
his leg, crushing it and pinning him there.  
Without giving any signal of distress he did the  
only thing possible—replaced the chain and  
signaled to hoist. A second time it fell. This  
time it took the poor fellow's leg completely off.  
With the nerve of a hero he hobbled about until  
he had secured the chain again and the rock was  
hoisted. Then he allowed himself to be  
raised to the surface. The doctor thinks he will  
recover.PARIS, June 22nd.  
The members of the Right in the Chamber of  
Deputies have issued a manifesto declaring they  
are aggrieved at the action of the Republican  
majority in the Chamber, and advising the  
electors to unite in the name of France and  
liberty against Parliament and feodality.LONDON, June 22nd.  
The yawl *Never sink* was spoken off Valencia  
to-day. She left Boston on May 20th bound for  
Paris by way of Havre. Captain Lawley said all  
was well on the vessel and he hoped to get to  
Havre in a few days. The yawl, he said, had  
met with much rough weather in crossing the  
Atlantic.AUCKLAND, June 22nd.  
The news from Apia is that the *Niphi* and  
*Alert* have sailed for Honolulu. Lieutenant  
Thurston is inquiring into the charges made by  
Germany that the British Consul at Apia has  
been aiding Mataafa.

WASHINGTON, June 22nd.

A movement has been started in the East for  
increasing the trade with Japan to more equal  
proportions. The *Post* this morning says edi-  
torially: Something should be done to put our  
foreign trade on a better basis. The United  
States buys from Japan \$17,000,000 worth of  
products, while Japan buys less than \$3,000,000  
of products in return. This is not a fair measure of  
reciprocity, and some sort of explanation would  
seem to be in order.

PARIS, June 22nd.

Jacques Meyer, a bucketshop broker, has been  
sentenced to one year's imprisonment and fined  
\$1000. He numbered among his victims many  
members of the American colony, society women  
and actresses. Christine Nilsson was let in for  
nearly \$30,000 and Jane Hading for a con-  
siderable amount.

LONDON, June 22nd.

Emperor William will inspect the British fleet  
off Spithead on August 3rd.The unfortunate Crown Princess Stephanie,  
whose husband, Rudolf, committed suicide, will  
soon be able to go to Vienna and the Austrian  
court, which she detests. According to law she  
is obliged to remain in the capital as long as  
there is the slightest possibility of a throne.  
Her husband, if there were one, it would  
be called the Emperor's heir. At the end of a  
fixed time she will take up her residence on the  
little island of Lacrima, and not live in Austria.Timothy Harrington, member of Parliament,  
and Thomas Sexton, Lord Mayor of Dublin,  
will testify before the Parnell Commission next  
week. At the request of Parnell, Michael Davitt  
will not give his testimony until the defence  
closes. Sir Charles Russell will ask the Court  
to permit Davitt to make an address on his own  
behalf before he gives his testimony.Davitt proposes to show that Government  
employes planned the dynamite outrages and  
put them into effect. James McDermott, re-  
siding at Hamburg, has offered to appear before  
the Commission to disclose the intrigues of  
Government agents, and give proofs of the Irish  
conspiracy to outrage Parnell, however; is  
averse to treating with McDermott. Counsel for  
the *Times* will recall Parnell and will re-examine  
Le Carron in rebuttal.A sale of manuscripts and rare books here  
from a nameless collection has given rise to an  
angry note in the papers from Lord Tennyson.  
The highest prices in the sale were fetched by  
some of his original manuscripts, that of "Maud,"  
for instance, bringing £111 and "The Brook"  
£51. Some verses of his never published were  
also included in the sale.He protests strongly against this, but is unable  
to guess how or through whom they came to the  
public auction. The only American books sold  
were Colton Mather's "Wonders of the Invisible  
World" and Increase Mather's "Trial of New  
England Witches," which brought respectively  
\$100 and \$20.It is reported to-day that the Czar has written  
a letter to the Kaiser, assuring him that he meant  
nothing hostile by his famous after-breakfast  
speech about the Montenegro Prince, and that  
the Czar is really going on a visit to Berlin this  
summer. The influence of these rumors is to allay  
excitement. Next week we shall very likely hear  
stories to some wholly opposite effect. The Czar  
has not only his personal feelings, but a great ques-  
tion of offended etiquette to restrain him from  
going to Berlin—as young William paid his first  
visit to St. Petersburg, the first of his hosts to  
return the visit ought to have been the Czar.Instead of waiting for this the Berlin magnates  
allowed the King of Italy to get in ahead of the  
Czar and went extravagantly out of their way to  
plaster Humbert over thick with adulation and  
turn his honest Savoyard head with cheers and  
artillery salutes. This does not especially please  
Russian imperial notions.ROME, June 24th.  
Archbishop Feehan of Chicago made a report  
to the Vatican, through Cardinal Simonini, on the  
acts of the Clan-na-Gael. The Pope instructed  
him that power be granted to take measures to  
decide that the doings of the organization are  
contrary to the teachings of the church.

LONDON, June 24th.

Mrs. Mackay has brought an action for libel  
against two newspapers. In the event of obtain-  
ing damages she will give them to a London  
charity.

NEW YORK, June 24th.

A Washington special says: Secretary Blaine  
and Sir Julian Pauncefote held a conference  
to-day at the State Department. Both are  
reticent, but it is understood the Behring Sea  
controversy was discussed in detail. It is stated  
on good authority that France and Germany  
support Great Britain in her contention that  
Behring Sea is an open and not a closed sea.  
The President intends that illegal sealers shall  
be driven out, no matter whether it pleases the  
Canadians and British Government or not.

LONDON, June 24th.

The regatta of the Royal Mersey Yacht Club  
took place to-day over the forty-seven-mile  
course. Among the contestants were the *Valkyrie*,  
*Ilex*, *Deerhound* and *Yarona*. The official  
time was: *Valkyrie*, 5h. 46m. 8s.; *Yarona*,  
5h. 46m. 30s.; *Ilex*, 5h. 47m. 35s.; *Deerhound*,  
5h. 48m. 5s. Nothing of importance happened  
to qualify the defeat of the *Valkyrie*. The  
*Yarona* seems always able to keep on even  
terms with her.PARIS, June 25th.  
Prince Victor Napoleon has written a letter  
indorsing the sentiments expressed in the  
manifesto of the Members of the Right in the  
Chamber of Deputies, in which the action of the  
Republican majority is condemned and an appeal  
made to the people to unite in the name of  
France and liberty against Parliament and  
feudality. The Prince says a Government based  
upon the sovereignty of the people can alone  
insure greatness and prosperity to the nation.

LONDON, June 25th.

The name of the woman whose body was cut  
up and thrown into the Thames recently was  
Elizabeth Jackson. This fact has been estab-  
lished by scars on the body and by the clothing.  
The woman was of low character, and in the  
habit of frequenting common lodging-houses in  
Chelsea. She was last seen alive on May 31st.  
The theory that she was a victim of Jack the  
Ripper has been revived.The City Carillon Club gave a banquet to Sir  
Richard Webster, the Attorney-General, this  
evening. Referring to attacks made upon him  
in connection with the *Times*-Parnell case, Sir  
Richard said he believed that they were directed  
more against the Government than against him-  
self personally, and he was happy to say that  
they had not injured either.At the Newcastle and Gosforth Park Summer  
Meeting to-day, the race for the North Derby,  
three-year-olds, one mile and a half, was won by  
F. Mansfield's *Bondager*, J. Lowther's *Workington*  
second and C. Perkins' *Folengo* third. At the  
Royal Windsor Summer Meeting the race for  
the Royal plate, for two-year-olds, five furlongs,  
was won by C. Rose's *Arcadia*.At a meeting of the Parnell Commission to-  
day, Joseph Edward Kenny, a member of Par-  
liament, denied that he introduced Le Carron to  
Sexton. He says he never knew him.

VIENNA, June 25th.

A despatch from Bosnia reports that fighting  
is going on between Turks and insurgents at  
Novi-Bazar. It is rumored that all the Serbians  
in the town are imprisoned.

STUTTGART, June 25th.

The Emperor and Empress and the King of  
Saxony arrived here to-day. They were received  
with great enthusiasm. The streets are crowded  
and the buildings decorated.

LONDON, June 27th.

Advices from Delagoa Bay say that a British  
gunboat is expected there on Saturday. The rail-  
way employees are preparing to make a forcible  
resistance to the attempt on the part of Portugal  
to take charge of the constructing the road.  
A meeting of the company to whom Portugal  
granted the concession to build the Delagoa  
Bay Railway and of the Chamber of  
Commerce will be held in London to-morrow,  
and will request the Stock Exchange and  
European bourses to cease quoting Portuguese  
securities until Portugal has made reparation.The action of the Portuguese Government in  
cancelling the concession it had granted for the  
building of a railway at Delagoa Bay has created  
much commotion. The *Globe* to-day says Portugal  
is guilty of an unwarrantable breach of faith  
and shameful dishonesty.Lord Salisbury last night said, in the House  
of Lords, that the Government had requested  
Portugal to refrain from hasty action.It is understood here that Secretary Blaine,  
in response to a petition, will send an American  
war vessel to Delagoa Bay to look after American  
interests.A despatch to the *Chronicle* from Durban  
says: The Governor of Delagoa Bay has tele-  
graphed to the Portuguese Consul here that the  
decrees cancelling the railway concession has been  
received, and that the company will continue  
the building of the railroad.Gladstone has an article in the *Nineteenth  
Century*, entitled "Plain Speaking on Irish  
Union." In it he says: "Sir Richard Webster,  
in examining Mr. William O'Brien before the  
Parnell Commission, implied that a grave charge  
would be proved about certain Irishmen, if it  
could be shown that they regarded  
English power as alien. I should like to  
have asked Mr. O'Brien whether the Irish  
union as possessed of the same moral authority  
as the laws against theft, and murder, or as  
possessed of moral authority at all. I do not  
doubt that O'Brien would have answered that  
they regarded it as an act of force to which  
Ireland was under—not a moral, but only a  
prudential obligation to conform. There may  
be immorality in misallocated resistance even  
to immoral laws, but such resistance is in itself  
not immoral. The question is whether worship  
of the act of union is piety or superstition."

June 28th.

The *Standard's* Rome correspondent reaffirms  
the correctness of his communication announc-  
ing the Pope's condemnation of the Clan-na-Gael.  
The correspondent also says that the Pope will  
decide to interfere in the matter of the complaint  
of some Irish Bishops against the harsh treat-  
ment of the Land Leaguers in prison, on the  
ground that it is their own fault, they having  
disobeyed the decree against boycotting.Prince Albert Victor, the eldest son of the  
Prince of Wales, has been affianced to Princess  
Victoria of Prussia, a sister of the Emperor of  
Germany. The information is given that the  
Prince of Wales will give his son a marriage  
settlement, and Parliament will not be asked to  
make provision for him.  
The British bark *Benador*, Captain Hughes,  
from Buenos Ayres, April 2nd, for Barbadoes,  
has been lost, with all her crew.

PATER, June 28th.

Carlotta Patti, the well-known singer and  
sister of Adelina Patti, the renowned contralto,  
died here to-day.[Carlotta Patti was born in Florence in 1840,  
and like her sister Adelina, was from her child-  
hood surrounded with musical influences. She  
possessed a splendid soprano voice extending  
to C sharp in alto, and had a facility of  
vocalization which was as remarkable as  
her range of voice. She was, however, con-  
fined almost entirely to concert singing, as



We sincerely hope the Admiral will see his way clear to allow her to remain some time. The following is translation of a placard that was being posted in the streets, when the party posting it was arrested by one of the policemen who had gone in to the market to buy provisions—

"The Chinese are useless; their officials both military and civil are sons and grandsons (i.e. bastards) of the foreigners; they have placed guns that use shell at the entrance of the streets for the purpose of fighting with our own people. A notice by the knowing ones." According to Chinese law the penalty for issuing such documents, reviling their officials, is transportation four thousand li.

The weather has been intensely hot; the thermometer has been over one hundred on several days; one day it reached one hundred and three (103°) which I think is about as high as it has ever been known here. There have been four deaths here in three days. A gentleman in the vicinity of the morning of the 9th, and was buried in the evening; the next evening, a child of Police Inspector Wilson was buried; the following evening there were two funerals; one the child of Mr. Smith, the manager for Messrs. Butterfield & Swire; the other was Mr. John Macdonald, engineer on board of the steamer *Peking*; he died of heat apoplexy. He was a young man, and a late arrival, this being only his second trip up the river. We are now having a breathing spell. The night before last the wind came up from the northward with cloudy weather, and the thermometer went down some ten or twelve degrees. The water in the river has been up to 43 feet, but has gone down a few inches, and as the water is not high at Ichang, we hope to escape a flood.—*Mercury*.

## KOREA.

Fusan, 3rd July, 1889.

We had two steamers here last week, the *Tsuruga*, which arrived four days too late, having experienced very foggy weather during the voyage; and the *Owari*, which has been docked in Kobe; she was also two days late. Judge Denny was a passenger in her to take up his former position (7) in Seoul. The weather is cold and rainy. Trade at last is on the increase. The wheat crop at present is very good, and I hear that the rice crop is expected to turn out well.

Our Japanese Government mining chief left the other day for Japan. I think he left to get a little silver for working the mines. If you or your readers take my advice, you will not buy any shares in that Company.

The Japanese merchants here turn everything into share companies. We have now a new Fish Company, Limited. The Electric Light Co. paid 20 per cent, which I think is very good. The Tramway Company has proved a failure. Nothing else except that the Chinese fleet is expected here.

July 13th.

The weather has not been very bright lately. We have had strong N.E. winds, and cold weather. The wheat crop is looking beautiful, and the Koreans think the harvest will be a very good one. The Japanese are re-exporting all their wheat which they shipped here lately. They also sent a quantity of sweet potatoes here, but they are shipping them away to Chefoo by the *Owari Maru*. The *Takachio* came in yesterday morning and left for Jenchuan the same day, having an Austrian Prince on board, who is travelling round the world for pleasure only. He will leave here for Tientsin. The steamship *Tsuruga*, which is expected here to-morrow, will leave with this letter for Nagasaki on the 15th.

There are no news to report from Jenchuan, and neither births, deaths, marriages, nor law suits to record since I wrote last.

The Russians are not here yet, so I suppose your Jenchuan correspondent must have been joking. Even the rumour of the Russians taking Deer Island seems to be a myth. That man must have Russia on the brain.—*Shanghai Mercury*.

## AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM A VETERAN.

As this is Jubilee year it tends to make one look back and think of the flight of time, and in this way I am one of the foremost of our valuable and successful medicine. I have sold it from the very first, and have sent it into every county in England and many parts of Scotland. Well do I remember the first circular you sent out some nine or ten years ago. You had come to England from America to introduce Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, and I was struck by a paragraph in which you used these words—"This is a stranger in a strange land, I do not wish the people to feel that I want to take the least advantage over them. I feel that I have a remedy that will cure disease, and I have so much confidence in it that I authorize my agents to refund the money if people should say that they have not benefited by its use. I felt once that you would never say that the Syrup was a humbug, and I applied for the agency, a step which I now look back upon with pride and satisfaction."

Ever since that time I have found it by far the best remedy for Indigestion and Dyspepsia. I have met with, and I have sold thousands of bottles. It has never failed in any case where there were any of the following symptoms:—Nervousness, loss of appetite, sense of fullness and heaviness, distension, bad breath, acid eructations, rumbling in the bowels, constipation, and yellowness of the eyes and skin, dull and sleepy sensations, ringing in the ears, heartburn, loss of appetite, and, in short, wherever there are signs that the system is clogged, and the blood is out of the veins. Upon repeated trials, in which you used these words—"I am better," or "I am perfectly well." What I have sold or never sold before in the case of any medicine is that people tell each other of its virtues, and those who have been cured say to the suffering:—"Go and get Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup; it will make you well." Out of the hundreds of cures, I will name one or two that happen to come into my mind.

Two old gentlemen, whose names they would not like me to give you, had been martyrs to Indigestion and Dyspepsia for many years. They had tried all kinds of medicine without relief. One of them was so bad he could not bear a glass of ale. Both were advised to use the Syrup, and both recovered, and were as well as ever in the prime of life.

A remarkable case is that of a house painter named Jeffries, who lived at Penhurst, in Kent. His business obliged him to expose himself to great heat and wind, and he was seized with rheumatism, and his joints soon swelled up with dropsy, and were very stiff and painful. Nothing that he could do would seem to relieve him, and he was in a great deal of trouble. It so happened that he could do hardly any work, and for the whole of the winter of 1878 and '79, he had to give up and take to his bed. He had been afflicted in this sorry way for three years, and was getting worn out and discouraged. Besides, he had spent over £15 for what he called "doctor's stuff," without the least benefit.

One day he happened to hear that Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup had done for others and bought a 2s. 6d. bottle of it. In a few days he sent me word he was much better—before he had finished the bottle. He then sent me for a 4s. 6d. bottle, and as I was going that way I carried it down to him myself. On getting to his house what was my astonishment and surprise to find him so well, and that he was as well as ever in the prime of life. I could hardly believe my own eyes, and said:—"You ought not to be out here, man; it may be the death of you, after being laid up all winter with rheumatism and dropsy!"

His reply was:—"There is no danger. The weather is fine, and Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup has done for me in a few days what the doctors could not do in three years. I think I shall get well now."

He kept on with the Syrup, and in three weeks he was at work again, and had no return of the trouble for now nearly ten years. Any medicine that can do this should be known all over the world.

Yours faithfully,  
(Signed) RUPERT ORRHAM,  
OF GRAMM & SON.

Holloway House, Sanbury, Wiltshire.  
June 26th, 1887.

The above wonderful cure of Rheumatism was the result of the remarkable power of Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup to cleanse the blood of the poisonous humours that arise from Indigestion and Dyspepsia. Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup is for sale by all chemists and medicine vendors, and by the proprietors, A. J. White, Limited, 35, Farringdon Road, London, E.C. 4.

## Today's Advertisements.



## GOVERNMENT BILLS.

**TENDERS FOR SPECIE, MEXICAN DOLLARS**, current in this Colony and weighing 7.17 in Exchange for STERLING BILLS drawn at 10 days sight on the LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY, LONDON, will be received by the CHIEF PAYMASTER, ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT, until 11 A.M., on THURSDAY, the 25th instant.

The Tenders to state the total amount required (in Pounds Sterling), and the amount for which each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for sums less than £100.

The Tenders to be in duplicate, in sealed covers addressed to the Chief Paymaster, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "Tenders for Government Bills."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved.

C. H. CHAUNCEY,

Colonel,

Chief Paymaster, China.

HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY OFFICE,

Queen's Road, Hongkong, 24th July, 1889. [927]

## THEATRE ROYAL,

CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

## TO-MORROW EVENING,

the 25th July, 1889.

Under the distinguished Patronage and in the Presence of

H.E. SIR WILLIAM DES VŒUX, K.C.M.G.,

and

LADY DES VŒUX.

## FAREWELL AND LAST APPEARANCE

OF

AMY SHERWIN

MISS MINNA FISCHER,

Mr. GEO. CLUTSAM,

in a Select and Popular Programme, including

The Drinking Song and Chorus from

LA GRANDE DUCHESSE,

in which there will be a Chorus of

GENTLEMEN AMATEURS,

and

THE "JEWEL SCENE" FROM FAUST,

in Costume and appropriate stage settings.

Box Plan at Messrs. KELLY &amp; WALSH'S.

HUGO GORLITZ,

Manager.

Hongkong, 24th July, 1889. [902]

## THE CHINA SHIPPERS' MUTUAL STEAM

NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamship

"CHINGWO,"

R. H. Murchug, Commander, will be despatched,

as above, on THURSDAY, the 25th instant.

For Freight, apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBURG &amp; Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 24th July, 1889. [911]

## OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM-

SHIP COMPANY.

## NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship

"OCEANIC"

The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees

of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their

Bills of Lading for Counter-signature, and to take

immediate delivery of their Goods from along-

side.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel

will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk

and expense.

CHAS. D. HARMAN,

Agent.

Hongkong, 24th July, 1889. [1]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions

to Sell by Public Auction, on

MONDAY,

the 29th July, 1889, at 2.30 P.M., at the Resi-

dence of H. BREWER, Esq., at Messrs. Geo.

Fenwick &amp; Co., Praya East.

THE WHOLE OF HIS

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Comprising:—

MOROCCO COVERED DRAWING

ROOM SUITE, MIRRORS, CARPET, LACE

CURTAINS, PICTURES, COTTAGE PIANO

BY HORN &amp; WOOD, HARMONIC DINING

ROOM FURNITURE, CROCKERY, GLASS,

etc., and PLATED WARE, etc.

IRON BEDSTEAD with PATENT WIRE

MATTRESS, MARBLE TOP WASHING

STANDS and DRESSING TABLES, WARD-

ROBES with PLATE-GLASS DOORS, and

BEDROOM FURNITURE

&amp;c., &amp;c.

One JINRIKSHA.

The Catalogues will be issued prior to Sale

and the above will be on view on SATURDAY

P.M.

TERMS AS USUAL.—Cash on delivery.

G. R. LAMBERT,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 24th July, 1889. [929]

TO LET.

FROM 1st August, 1889, either with or with-

out Machinery, the Company's spacious

GODOWN and YARD at Bowling known as

the Hongkong Steam Laundry Company,

(Limited).

A. O. D. GORDIN,

Manager.

Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., (Ld.)

Hongkong, 24th July, 1889. [928]

## Today's Advertisements.

## WANTED.

FOR THE *Hongkong Telegraph*, a competent

SUB-EDITOR and GENERAL ASSIS-

TANT. Journalistic experience a *sine qua non*.

Also,

A CAPABLE SHORT HAND REPORTER,

who is a smart penman and reliable

proof-reader.

Apply, with full particulars, to

THE EDITOR,

The *Hongkong Telegraph*.

Hongkong, 7th July, 1889.

## WANTED, as OFFICE, One or Two

Regins.

Address "A. B."

c/o this paper.

Hongkong 22nd July, 1889. [920]

## BOOK-KEEPING.

A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN is desirous of

work at Keeping a set of Books after

5 O'CLOCK.

Apply to

"F. H."

Office of this paper.

Hongkong, 20th July 1889. [915]

## WANTED A Five or Six ROOMED

HOUSE in Robinson Road.

Apply to

"A."

Care of this Office.

Hongkong, 20th July, 1889. [913]

## WANTED.

A BOOK-KEEPER and ASSISTANT.

A European is required for BORNEO in the

former capacity, and a Portuguese Office Assist-

ant, with some knowledge of accounts, in the

latter.

Apply with reference to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents,

The China Borneo Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1889. [860]

## NOW READY.

"THE CORNER IN ROPES."

A FULL REPORT in Pamphlet form of the

sensational trial, POTTS v. RUSTON,

together with the history of the "Corner,"

and other interesting particulars.

To be obtained at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH,

Lit. Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.'s; Mr.

W. BREWERS; the HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERA-

TIVE CO., Ltd.; and direct from the Office of

"THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

PRICE—FIFTY CENTS.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1889.

## TO HEADS OF FIRMS.

A STEADY, temperate, capable BOOK-

KEEPER, now in the employ of a

Lancashire firm, desires to come out to Hong-

kong as BOOK-KEEPER, CLERK, ASSISTANT, or

in some similar capacity. Aged twenty-six.

Knows his business thoroughly. For particulars

as to his ability, &c., apply

to "BOOK-KEEPER,"

c/o *Hongkong Telegraph* Office.

Hongkong, 23th June, 1889. [797]

## NOTICE.

THOMAS KERR & Co.

## ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS,

AND

CONTRACTORS,

YAU-MAT-ENGINEERING WORKS,

Kowloon.

Hongkong, 6th June, 1889. [703]

## THE CHINA AND JAPAN TELEPHONE

COMPANY, LIMITED.

## LIST of Subscribers to the HONGKONG

TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

1.—"Hongkong Telegraph" Office.

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3.—Manson, Dr. P., Queen's Road.

4.—Harigan, Dr. Wm., Queen's Road.

5.—Cantlie, Dr. J., Residence.

6.—Vernon, J. Y. V., Victoria Peak.

7.—E. A. and China Telegraph Co., Ltd.

8.—Arnholt, Karberg & Co.

9.—Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

10.—Chater and Vernon.

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37.—Ah Yon & Co., 80, Praya Central.

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